

Lygodium flexuosum (L.) Sw.

It is a climbing fern, which means it wraps itself around other vegetation, often giving the appearance of a green spiral or zigzag pattern as it ascends trees or other support structures. This fern is commonly found in various environments, including forests, woodlands, and along watercourses in tropical and subtropical regions. It prefers areas with high humidity and shaded or partially shaded conditions. The fronds are compound and finely divided. They are often bipinnate or tripinnate, meaning the fronds have multiple levels of leaflets or pinnae. The leaflets are generally small and delicate, giving the plant a feathery and elegant appearance. The size of this fern can vary, often exceeding several meters. It reproduces via spores produced on the underside of its fronds in structures known as sori. These sori are typically arranged in rows along the edges of the leaflets.



Native to
Asia, Australia



Geo. Distribution
Asia, Pacific Islands,
Africa

